Kia Manawaroa – Ngā Ākina o Te Ao Turoa Phase II 2019 -2024

National SCIENCE Challenges



National Science Challenges – Key principles

- Mission-driven
- Māori as key partners and mātauranga integration
- Science excellence innovative, internationally relevant, has impact
- Collaboration bringing the best research team together
- Stakeholders and end users engaged from the outset

The Resilience Challenge Mission



We work with stakeholders and end-users to generate new co-created research that communities, organisations and agencies can use to improve New Zealand's natural hazard resilience

Phase 1 Science Highlights

- New resilience indicators developed with iwi and hapū
- Science-informed Hawke's Bay coastal adaptation strategy
- Development of a resilience guide for the national electricity distribution network
- Case studies with **winegrowers** and **sheep & beef farmers** in Kaikoura/North Canterbury to develop **rural resilience**
- A **Wildfire Hazard Index**, to allow wildfire hazards to be compared with those from other perils.

Phase 2 Research Programme 2019-2024



RESILIENCE TO NATURE'S CHALLENGES Te Ao Tūroa Te Ao Tūroa

Outcomes we seek

New Zealand's Resilience to Natural Hazards is Enhanced

Social and economic distress is reduced when events happen

Land use planning avoids the worst hazard risks Sustainable design limits infrastructure damage Our productive economy and industry are responsive and adaptive to natural hazard risk

Unified leadership means risk treatment options are optimised Māori aspirations for resilience, and kaupapa Maori research are fulfilled People are enabled and incentivised to take resilience actions

Sustainable access to insurance

2024 Improved quantification of New Zealand natural hazard risk

Novel resilience tools and guidance are useful and useable Increased Māori participation in resilience decisions and incorporation of kaupapa and mātauranga Māori

Accelerated take up of research Collaborative, integrated resilience science is valued by key end users

2030

2030+

Two major themes





The **Multi-hazard Risk Model** comprises exciting **new research** to advance our understanding of **natural hazard processes** (such as earthquakes / tsunami, volcanoes, coastal hazards, and high-impact weather and wildfires).

The Resilience in Practice Model comprises social, economic and cultural research to develop tools and methods to ensure new resilience knowledge becomes part of daily decision making in New Zealand.



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Ten Research Programmes



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Phase 2 Projects of Interest...





Multi-hazard risk Model

- Coincident and cascading hazard and risk
- Social and economic impacts estimation (realistic scenarios/improved resilience investment business cases)
- Coastal change and inundation
- High-impact weather scenario for Auckland
- Models for infrastructure component performance across a range of natural hazards
- Expanded geographic coverage and capabilities of infrastructure network models
- High resolution regional and urban interdependency models



Resilience in Practice

- Innovation spaces for testing resilience policy choices
- Kaupapa Maori research
- Financial Incentives for resilience investment
- Effective risk communication
- Adaptation and transformation
- Livelihood resilience

 Strengthened and integrated mātauranga and kaupapa Māori

 Integration and coordination across themes



• Partnering for impact and implementation



Getting Connected

Project Level

Local case-studies, piloting tools

Challenge Themes

- Theme-specific stakeholder groups
- Partnership with 'boundary organisations' eg. AF8, ECLAB
- Resilience science to policy forums

Challenge Level

- 'End-Users' Group
- Kahui Maori
- Independent Science Advisory Panel

resiliencechallenge.nz