

Validation of Ground Motion Simulations via Response History Analysis of Complex Seismic Systems

PhD Candidate:

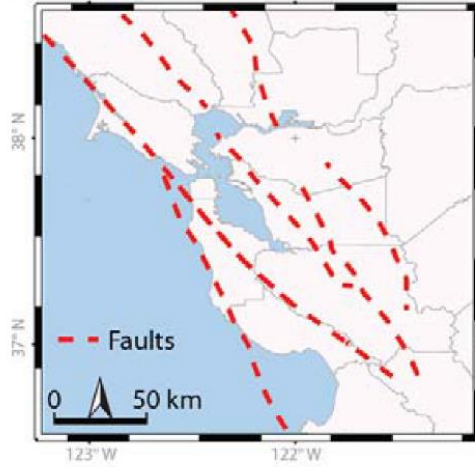
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Supervisors:

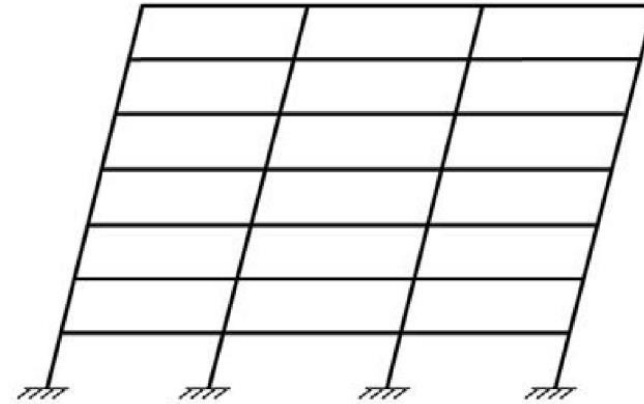
Professor Brendon Bradley
Dr. Reagan Chandramohan
Dr. Chris McGann

Applications Of Ground Motions

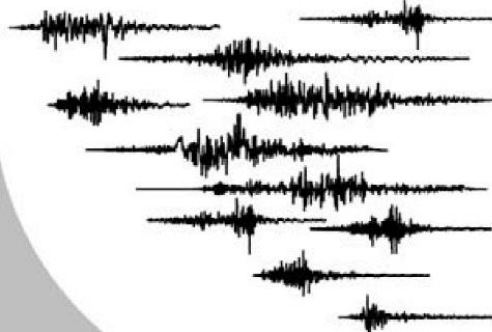
Seismic Sources



Structural Performance

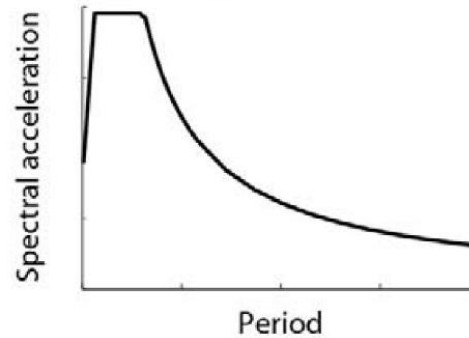


Ground Motions

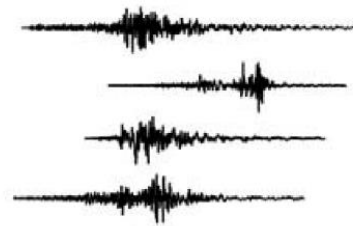


Hazard Analysis

Target Response Spectrum

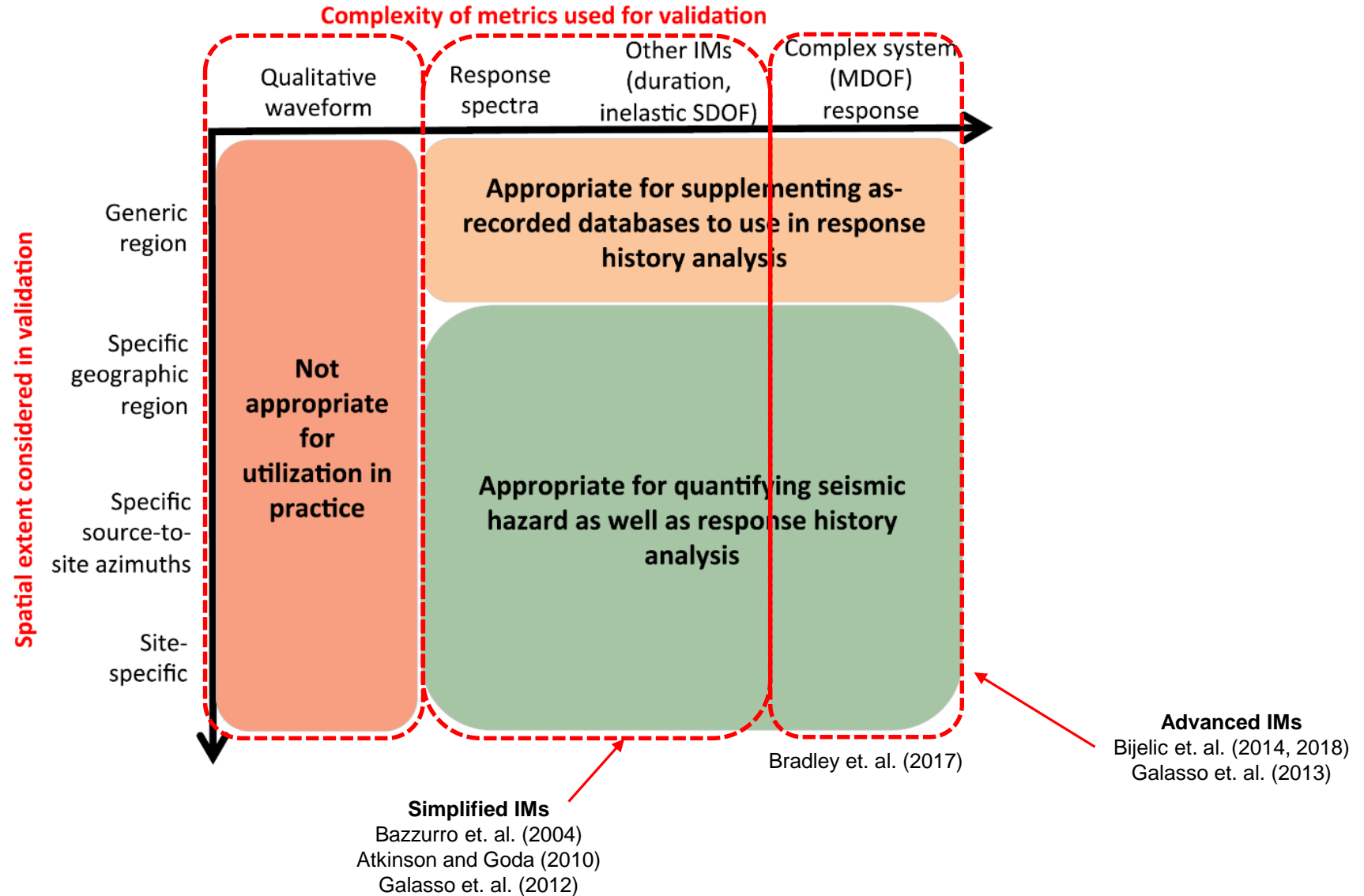


Ground Motions



Response History Analysis

Validation Matrix



Objective

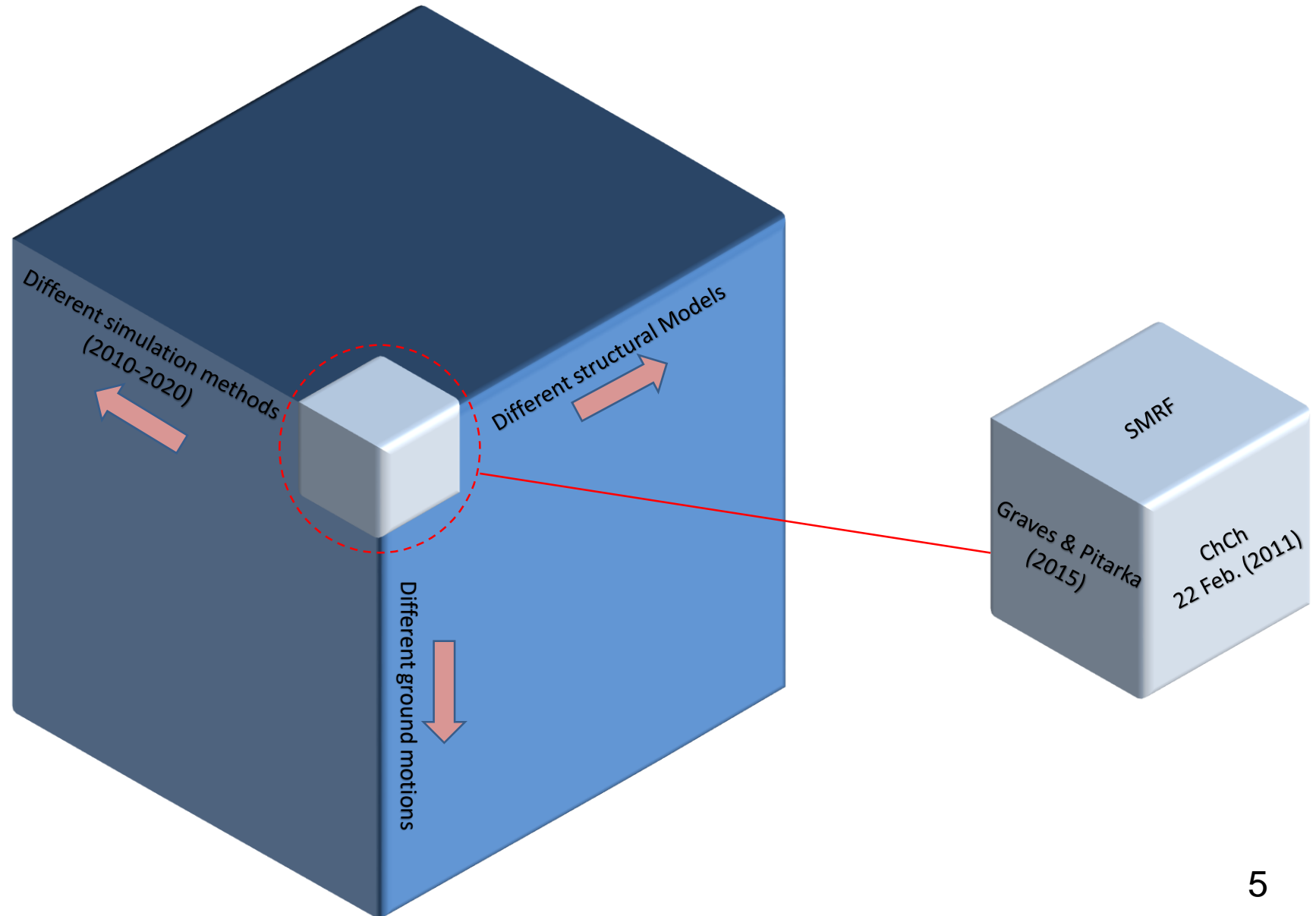
✓ **Objective** : Validation of simulated GMs by comprehensive analysis of archetypical engineered systems

- **Different ground motion (GM) sets:** Historical earthquakes in NZ
- **Different GM simulation methods** (2010-2020)
- **Different types of Models:**
 - Building structures:** High-rise to low-rise buildings, 3D models...
 - Different structural systems/material :
 - MRFs, braced systems, Shear wall...
 - Concrete, steel...
 - non-building structures:** bridges...
 - geotechnical systems/SSI:** 1D soil profile, bridge abutment model...
- **Advanced types of Intensity Measures (IMs):**
Covering 4th columns of validation matrix (Complex Systems)

Aspects of objective

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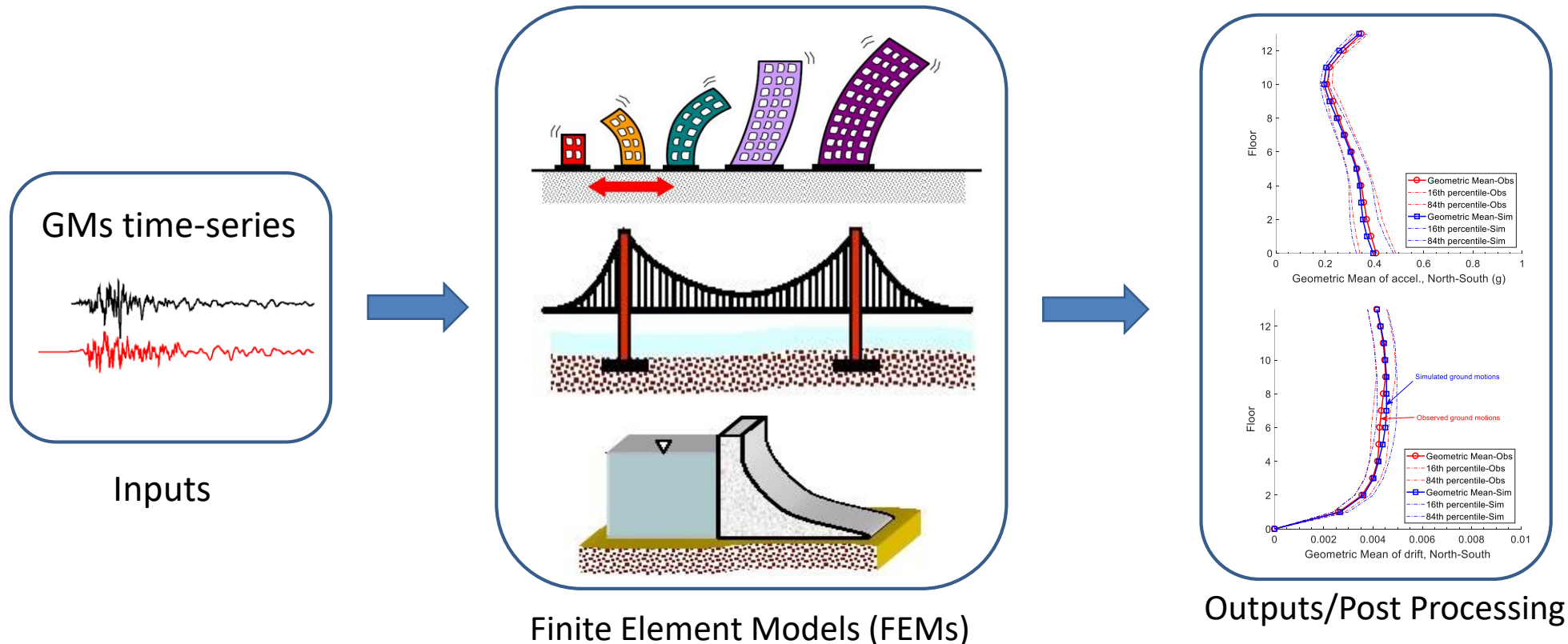
- Different ground motions
- Different structural models
- Different simulation methods



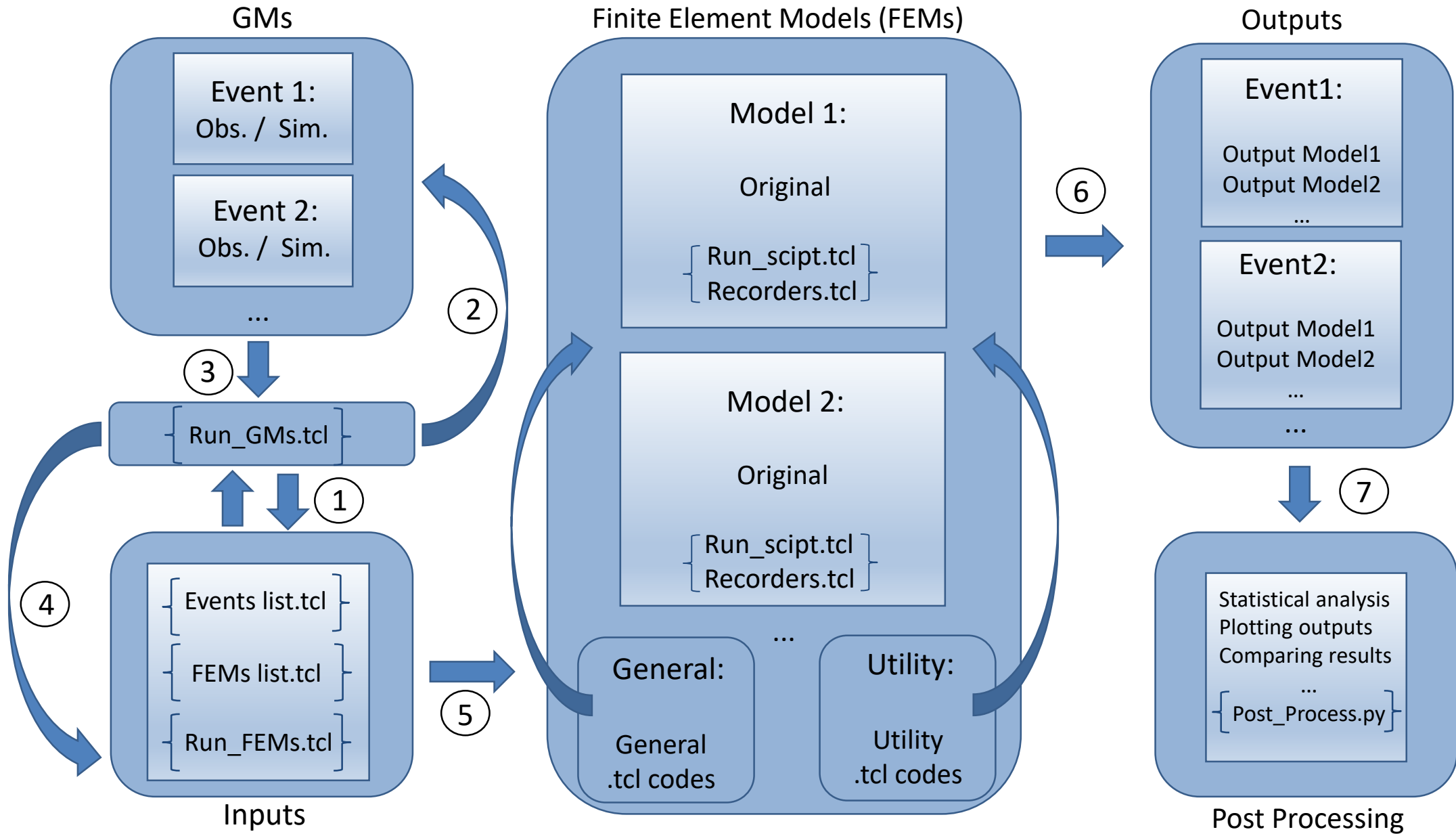
Automated Workflow

✓ Automated workflow :

- Develop “Automated” workflow for validation advanced IMs
- Convert the validation procedure to a routine process
- Provide a platform to perform complex validation process promptly



Automated Workflow internal layout

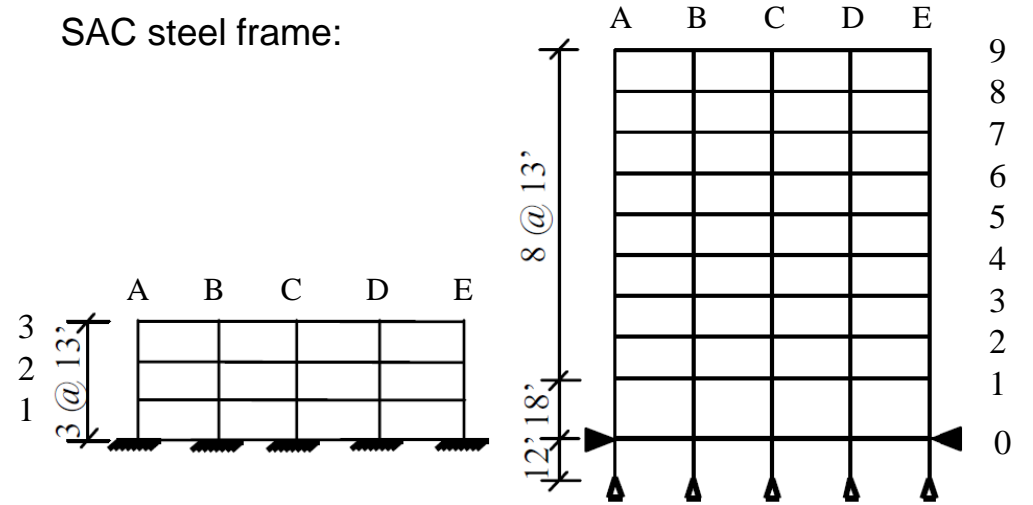


Case study: FEMs properties

Case study:

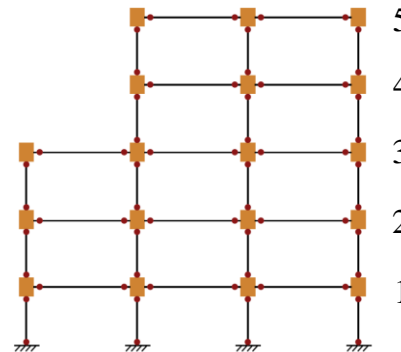
- Three SMRF archetypes
 - ✓ 3-storey, $T_n = 0.98$ sec, located in Seattle.
 - ✓ 9-storey, $T_n = 2.95$ sec, located in Seattle.
 - ✓ 5-storey, $T_n = 1.64$ sec, located in San Francisco.
- Nonlinear Model:
 - ✓ Elastic Elements Lumped Plastic Hinges
 - ✓ Modified Ibarra-Medina-Krawinkler hysteretic model
- Responses :
 - ✓ Inter-story drift ratio (IDR)
 - ✓ Peak floor acceleration (PFA)
- Software:
 - ✓ OpenSees 2.5.0

SAC steel frame:

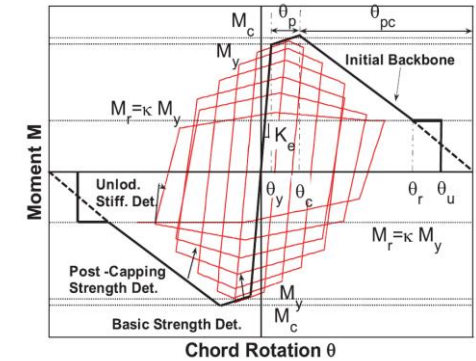


a) 3-storey

b) 9-storey



c) 5-storey



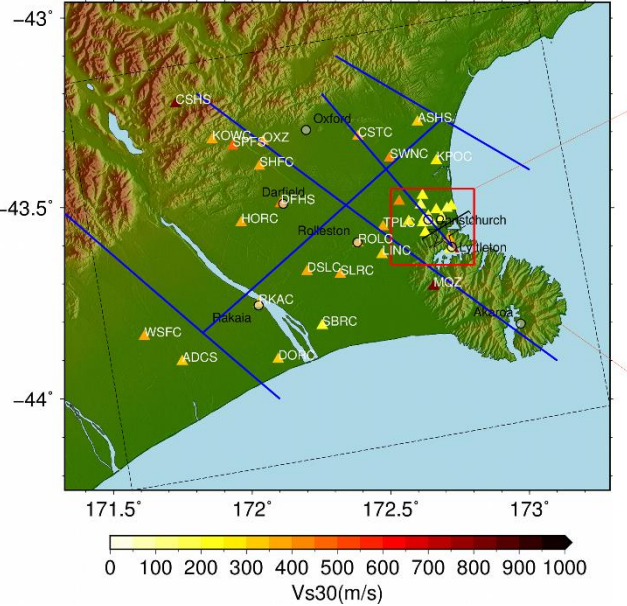
d) hysteretic model

Case study: GMs properties

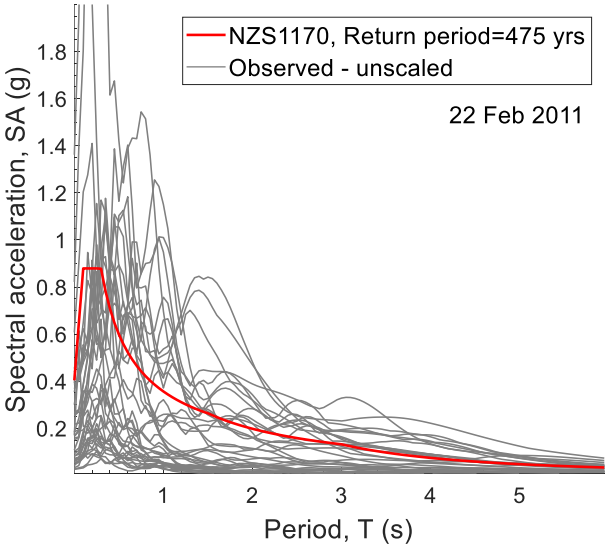
Ground Motions:

- 22 Feb. 2011 Christchurch Eq.
- 40 stations (Observed and Simulated)
- Hybrid Broadband Method for simulation
- Unscaled sets of GMs.

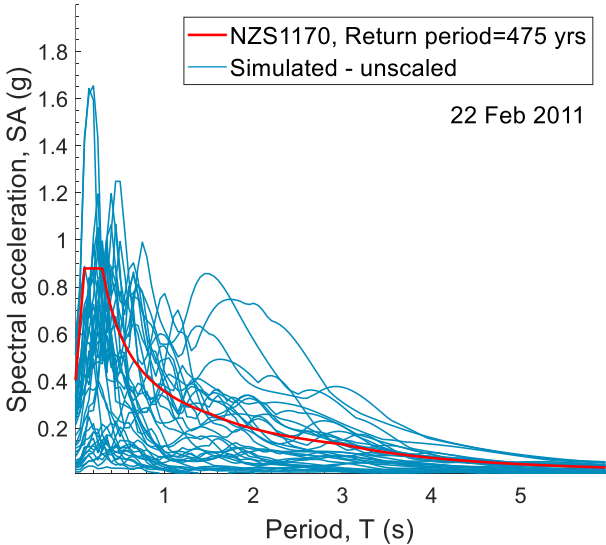
Stations-Vs30 map



Unscaled Observed



Unscaled Simulated



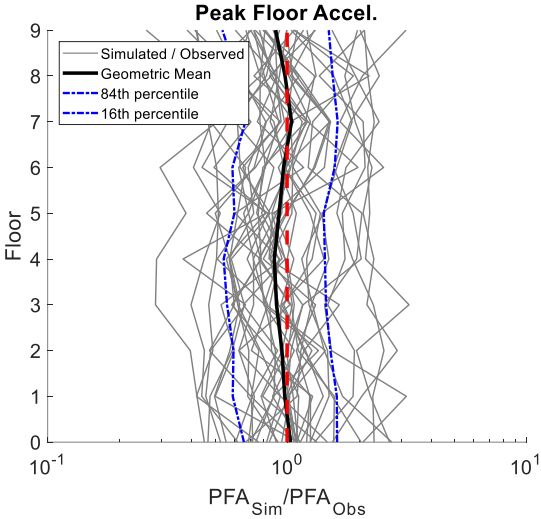
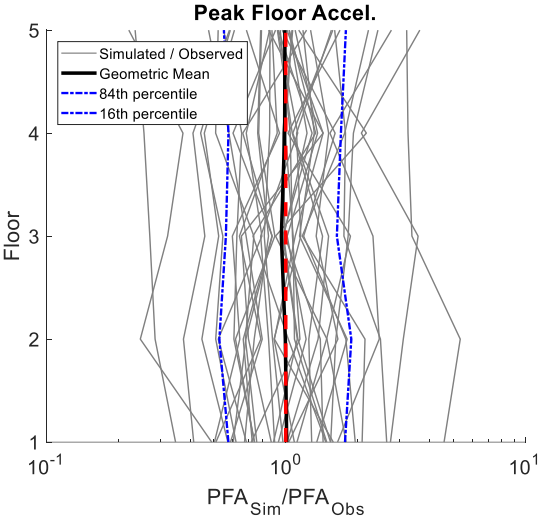
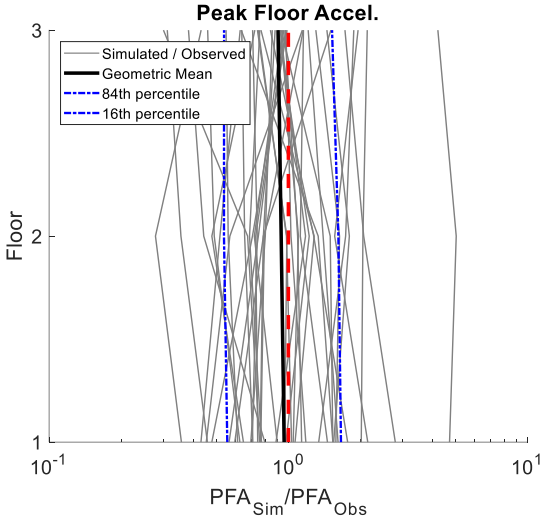
Comparison between the responses for Sim/Obs GMs

3-Storey

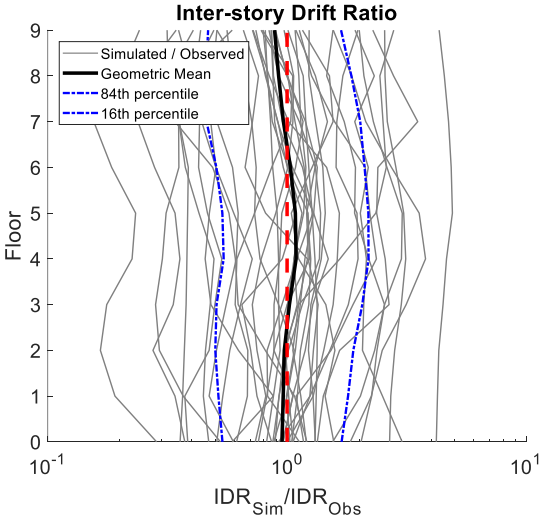
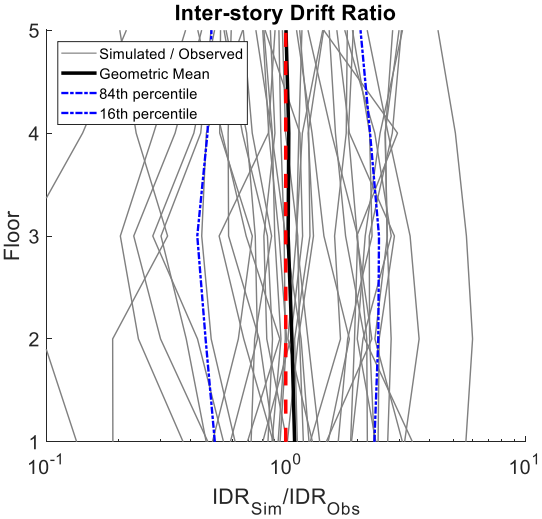
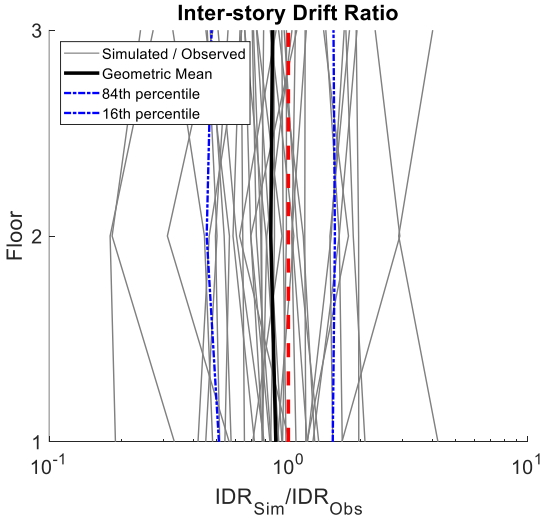
5-Storey

9-Storey

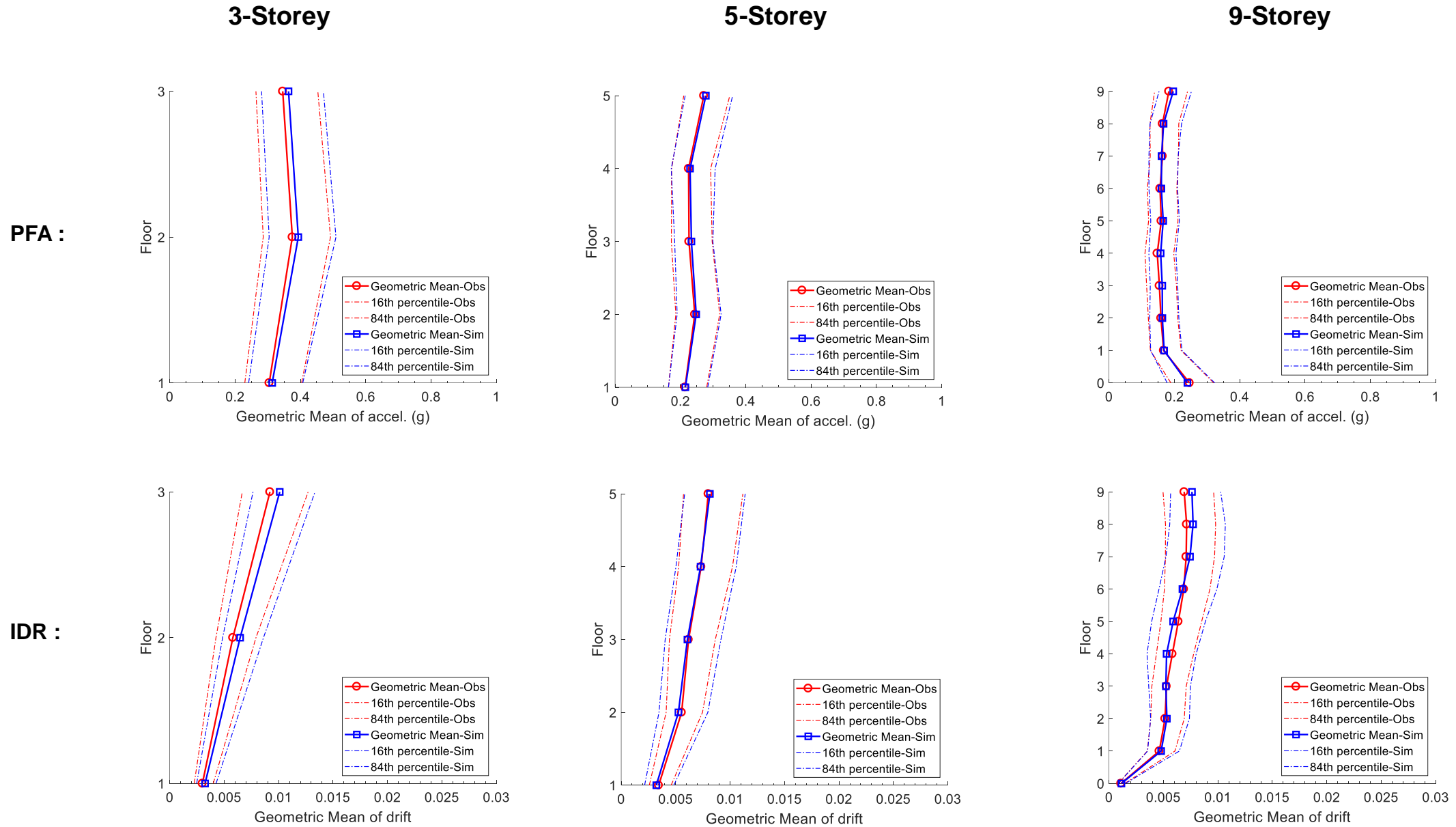
PFA :



IDR :



Response trends with respect to data sample size



Outcomes of case study:

Performing bootstrap technique and hypothesis testing:

- Comparable responses for 5-storey and 9-storey MRFs
- Comparable PFA for 3-storey MRF
- Statistically significant difference in IDR for 3-storey MRF (2nd floor)

Future Works:

- Complete the automated workflow procedure
- Adding different FEMs to the workflow
- Validating different GMs sets
- Comparing different GMs simulation methods

Thank You!

Questions...?