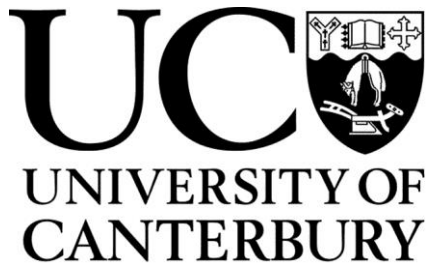


# Explicit Modeling of Nonlinear Site Effects in Physics-Based Ground Motion Simulations of the 2010-2011 Canterbury Earthquake Sequence

Chris de la Torre

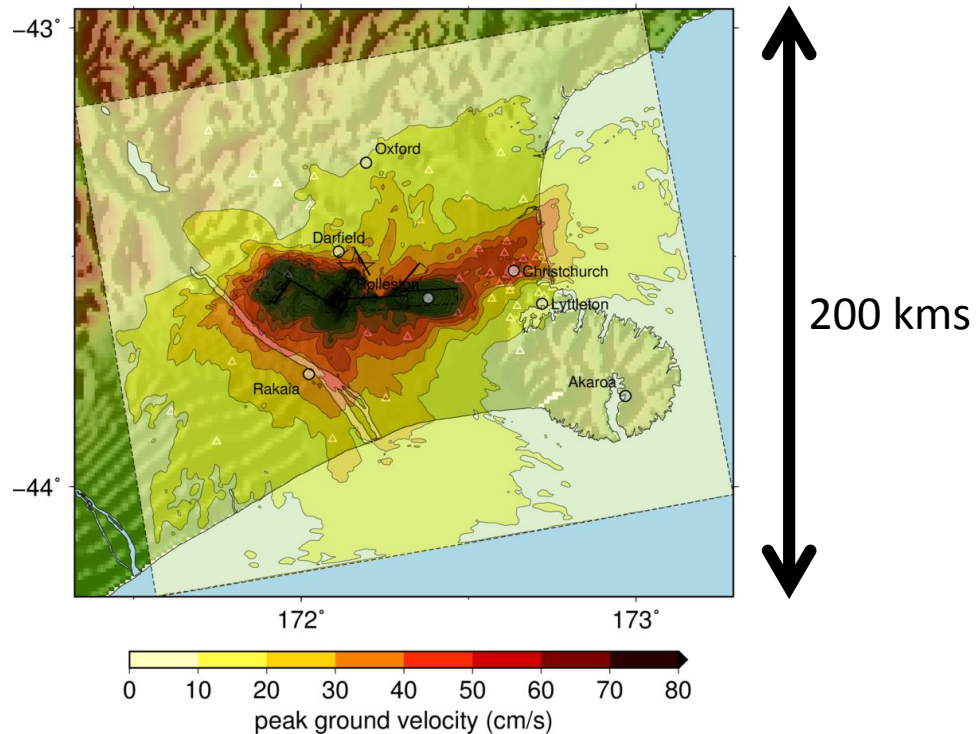
Supervisor:  
Brendon Bradley



# Site Effects in Ground Motion Simulation

## Simulations Models

- Regional Scale (100s kms)
- $V_{S,min} = 500 - 1000$  m/s
- Grid spacing 100 – 400 m



## Site Effects

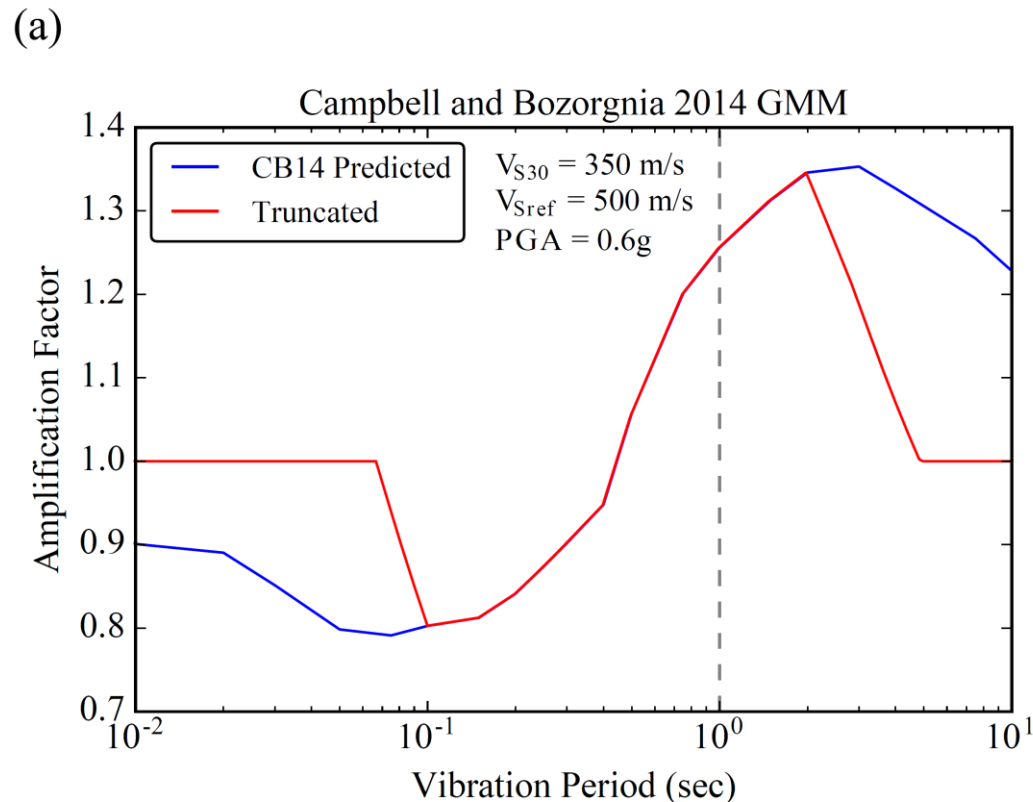
- Local Scale (meters)
- $V_S$  ground surface < 500 m/s
- Grid spacing < 1 m



# Methods for Modeling Site Effects

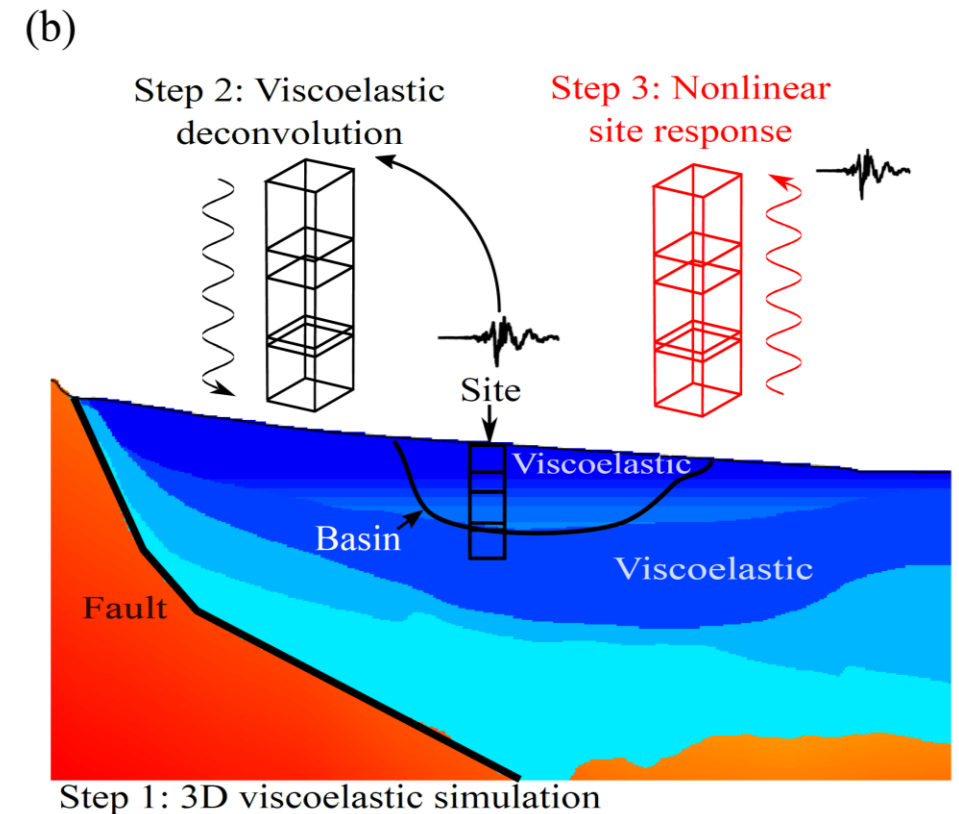
Standard of Practice:

- Empirical  $V_{S30}$ -based site response
- Site amplification from GMM



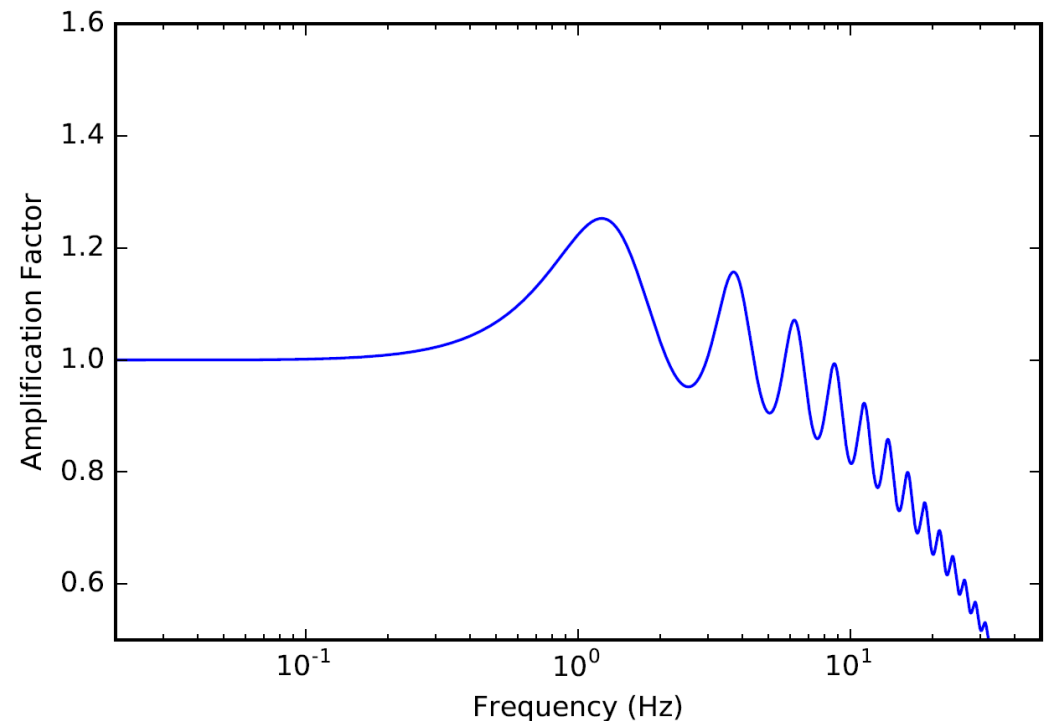
Our Approach:

- Explicit modeling of site effects
- Wave propagation site response



# Wave Propagation Site Response Methodology

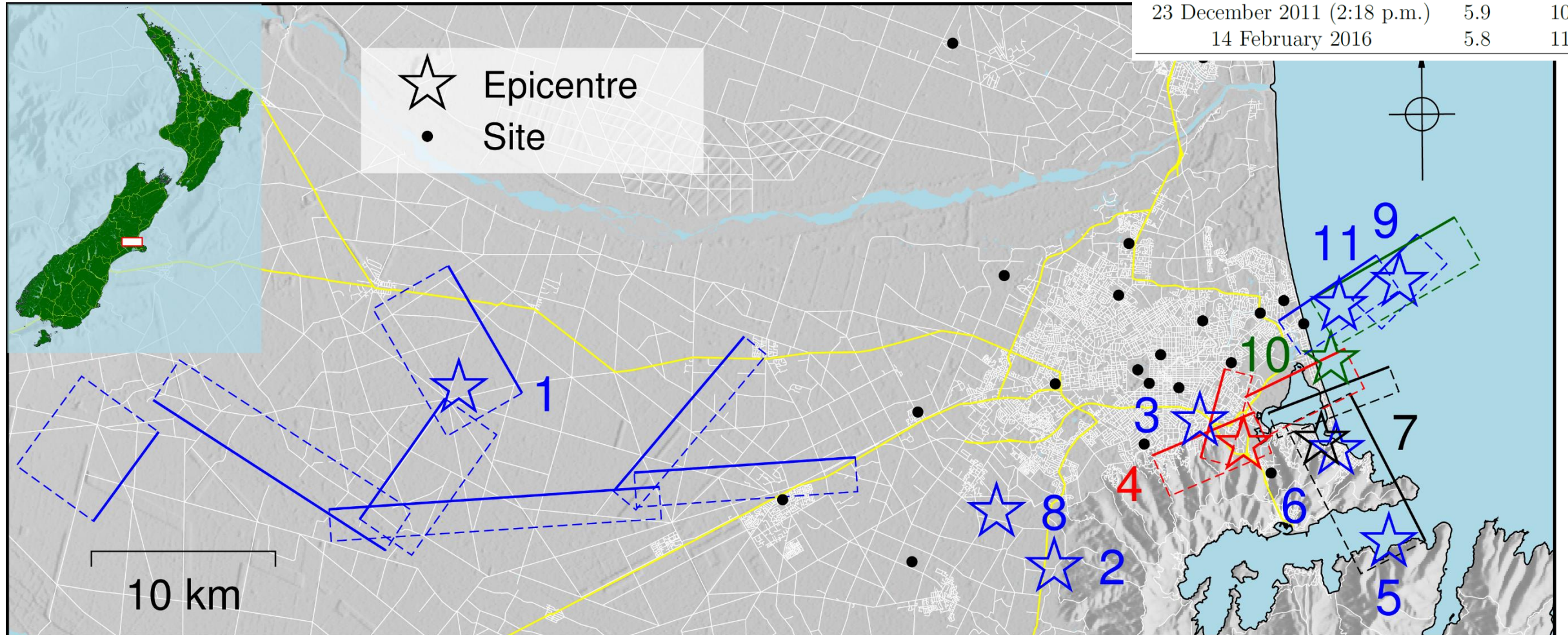
- Deconvolve with frequency domain solution
  - From  $V_{S,ref}$  to stiff soil/rock
  - Riccarton gravel:  $V_S = 400 - 600$  m/s
- OpenSees FE Code
- PDMY Constitutive Model



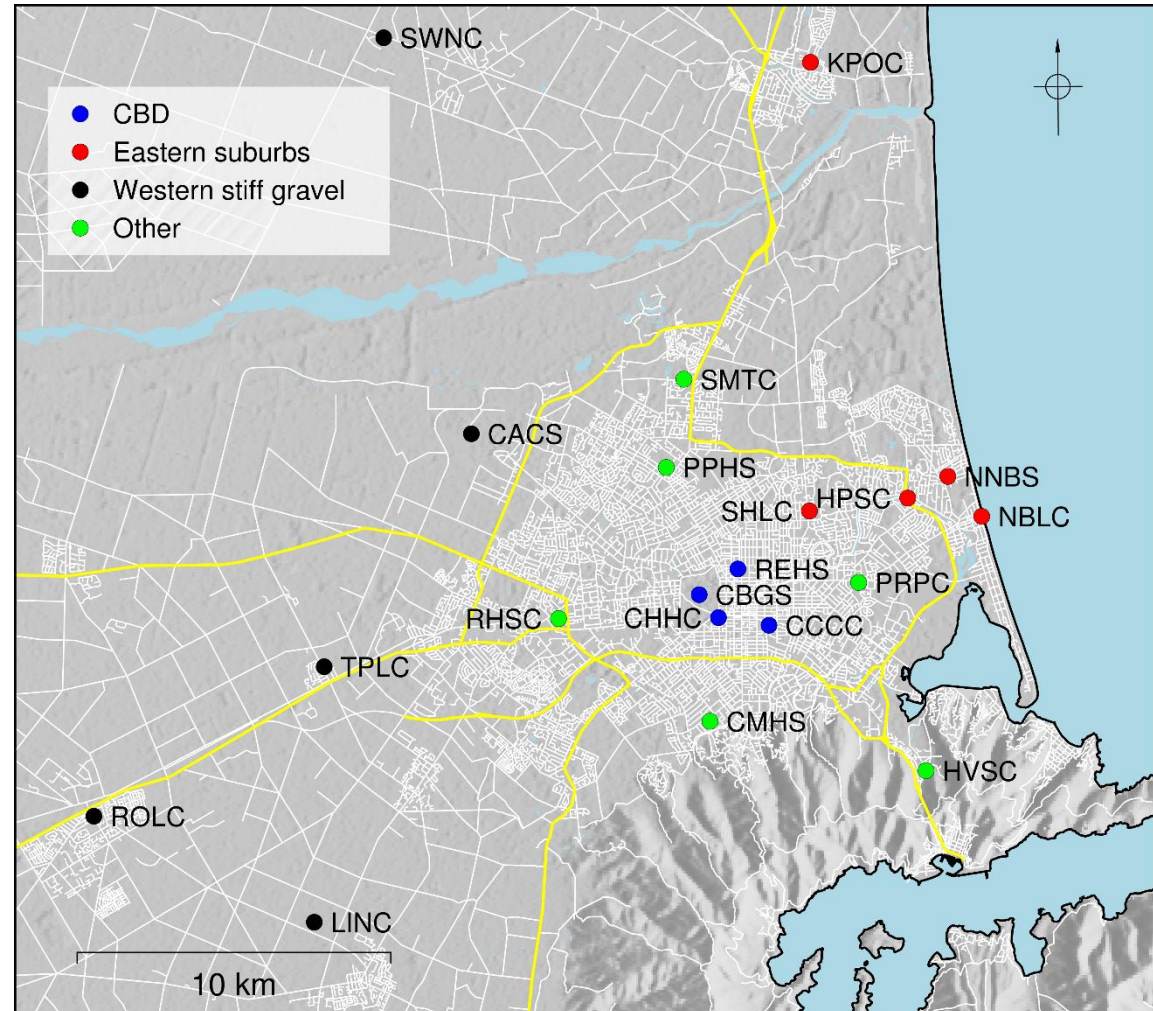


# Sites and Earthquakes Considered

Event Date	$M_W$	Event ID
4 September 2010	7.1	1
19 October 2010	4.8	2
26 December 2010	4.7	3
22 February 2011	6.2	4
16 April 2011	5.0	5
13 June 2011 (1:01 p.m.)	5.3	6
13 June 2011 (2:20 p.m.)	6.0	7
21 June 2011	5.2	8
23 December 2011 (12:58 p.m.)	5.8	9
23 December 2011 (2:18 p.m.)	5.9	10
14 February 2016	5.8	11

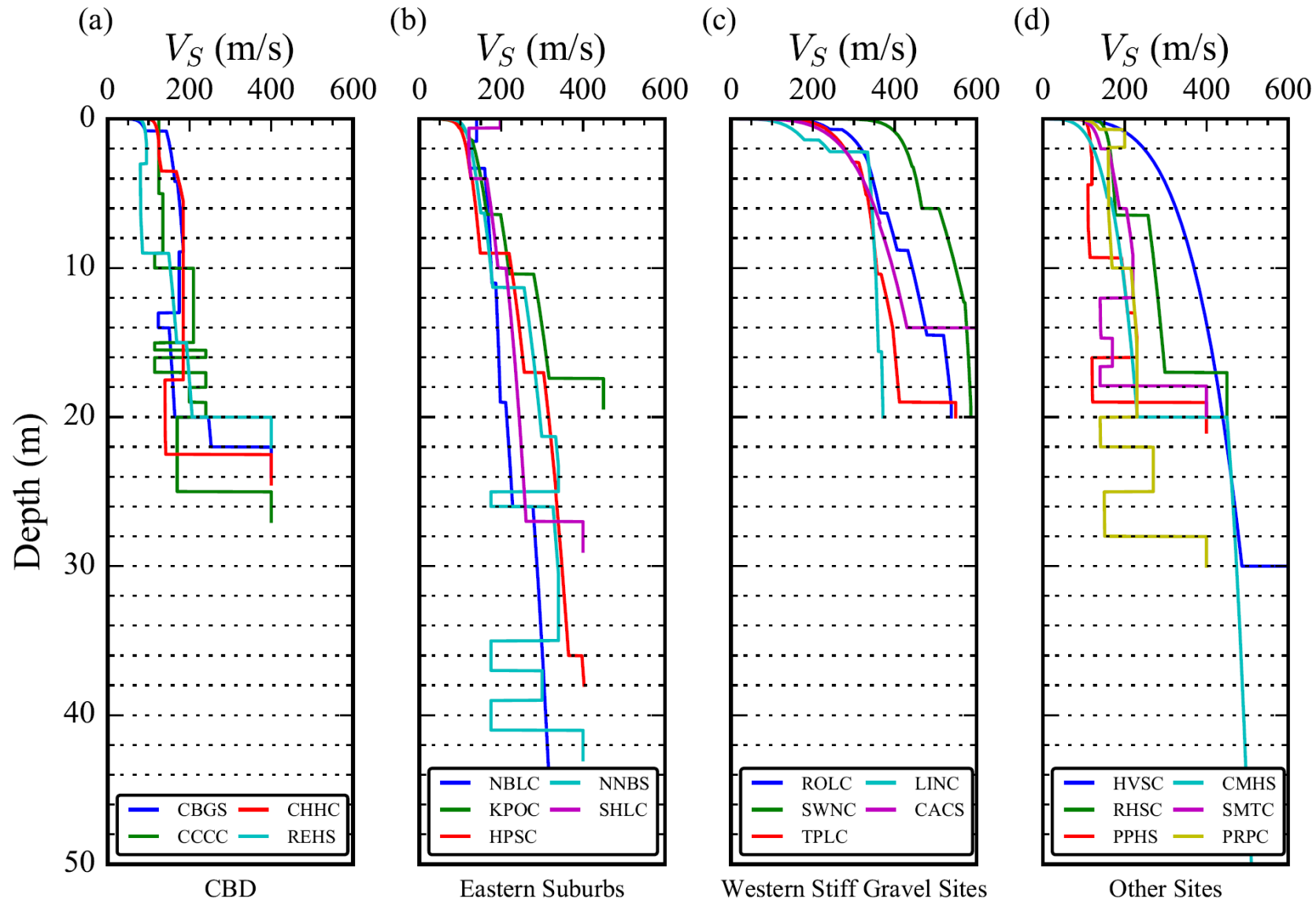


# Christchurch Strong Motion Stations

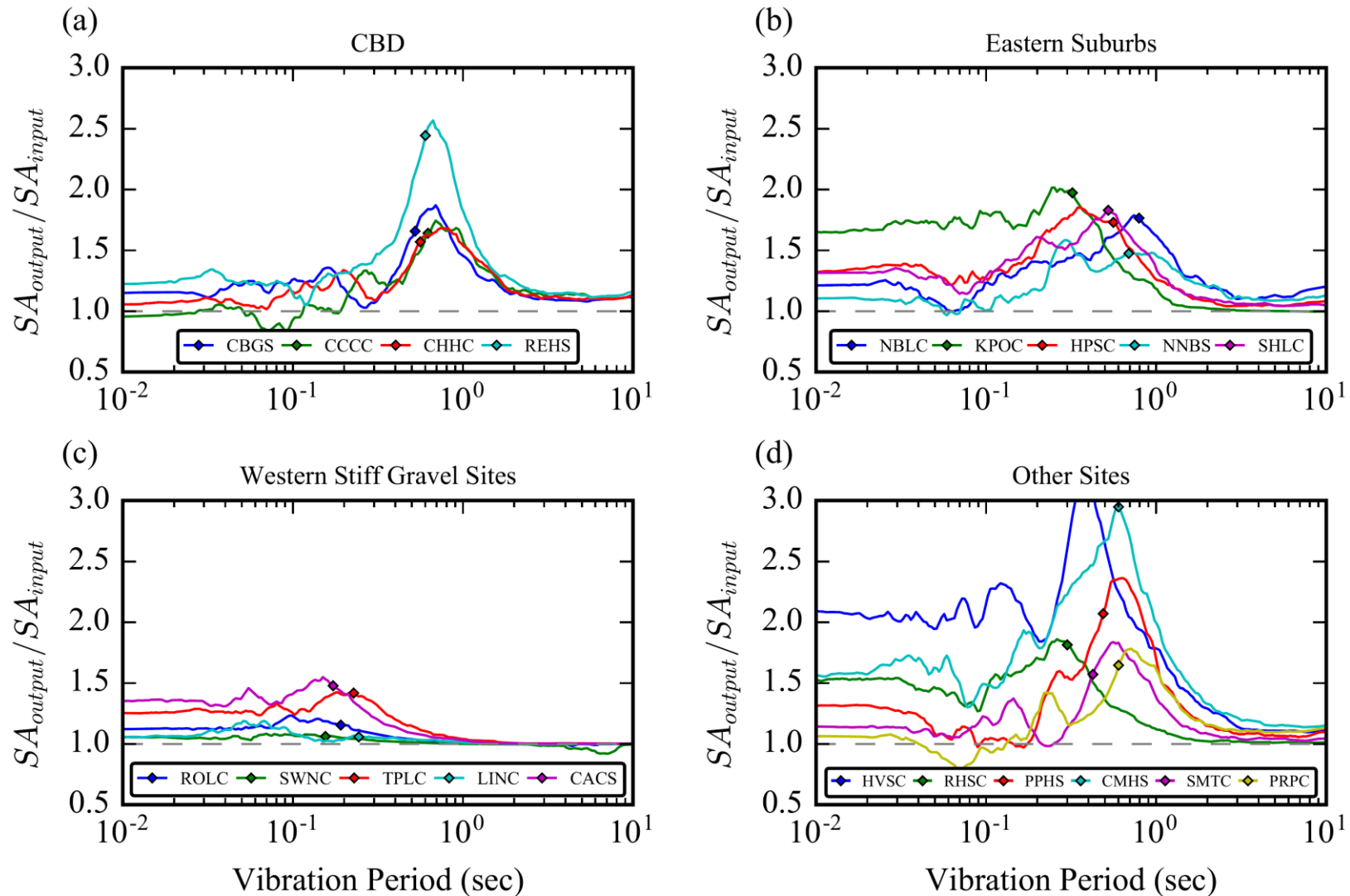




# Shear Wave Velocity Profiles

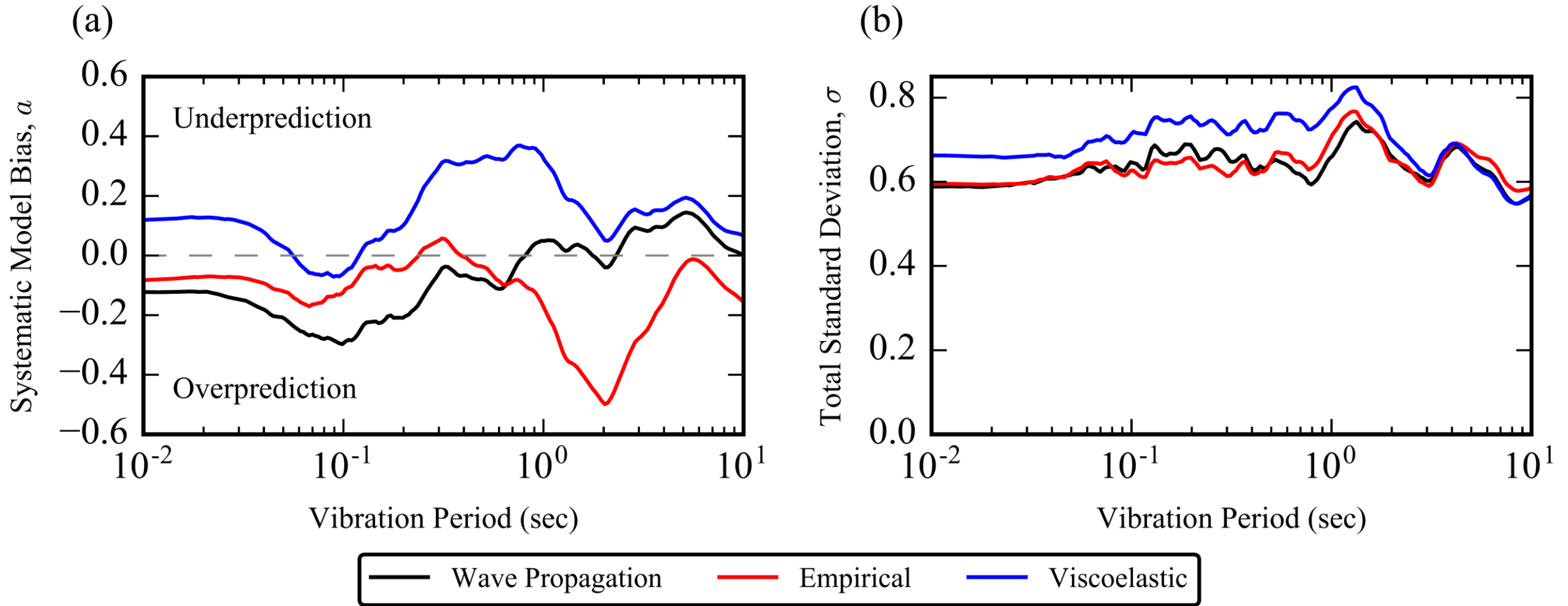


# Site Response Characteristics

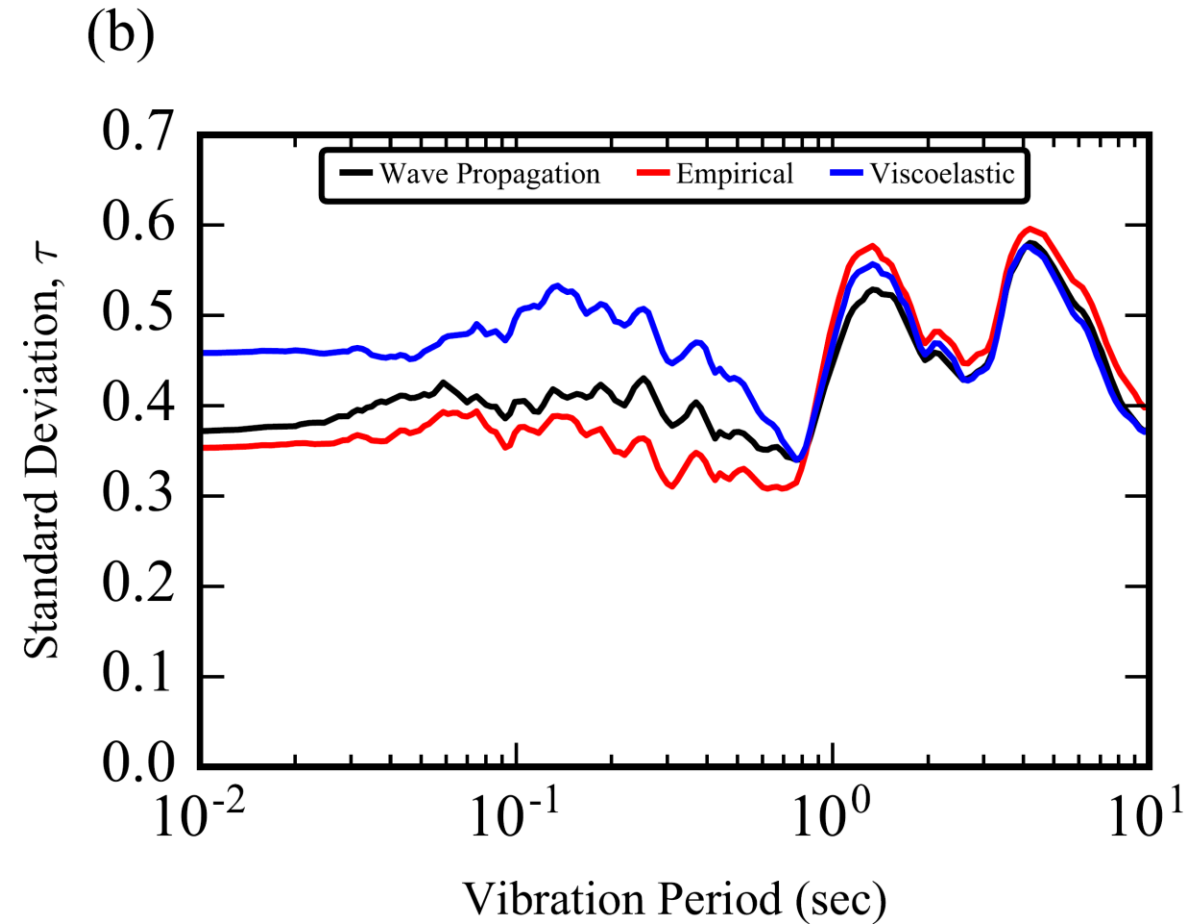
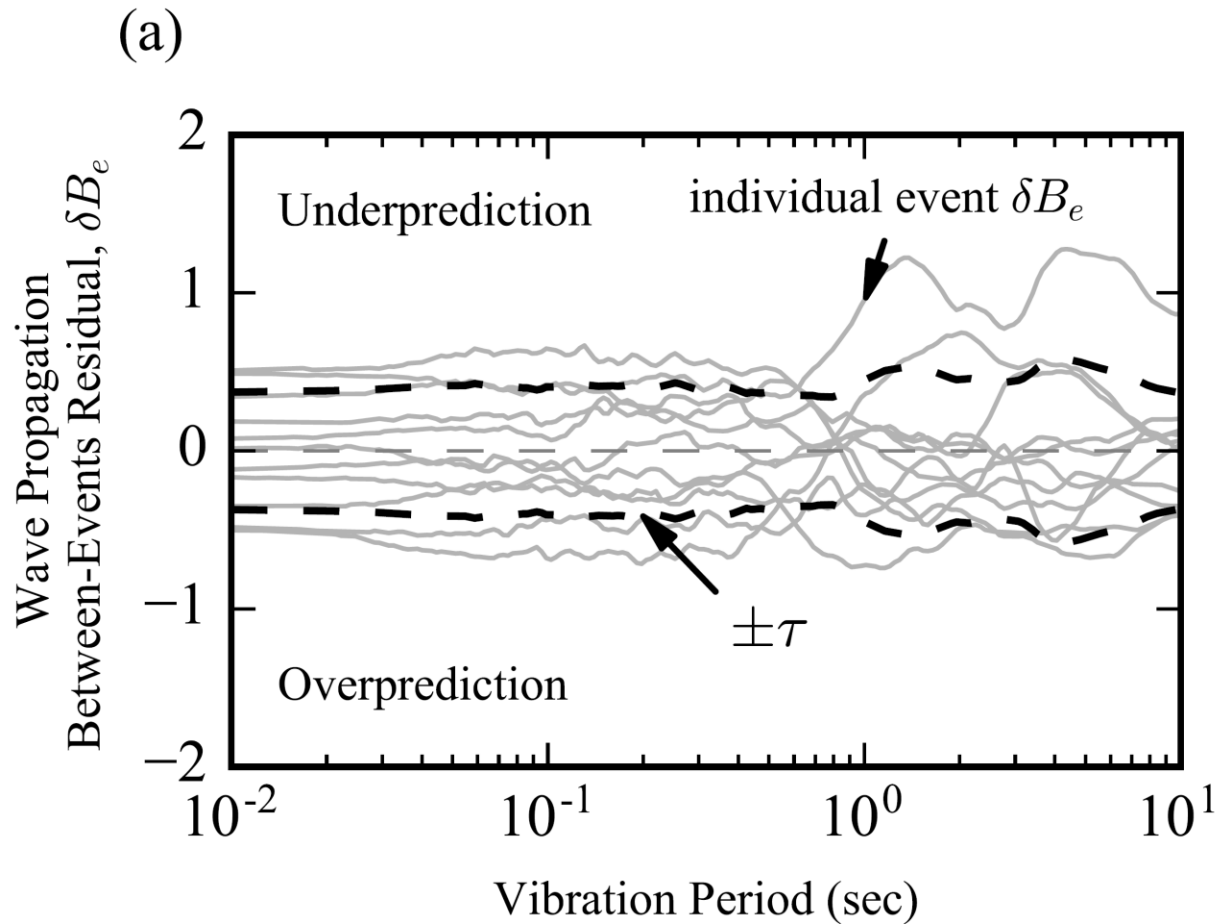




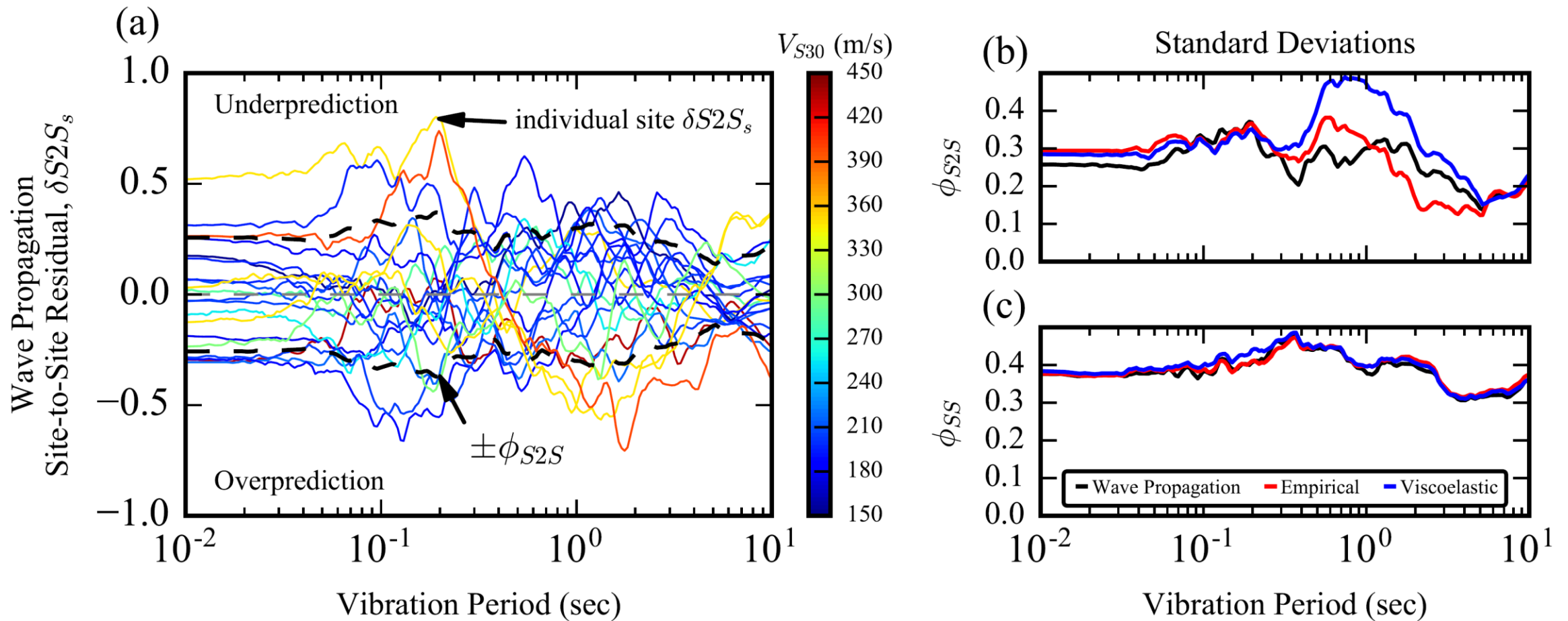
# Total Bias and Uncertainty



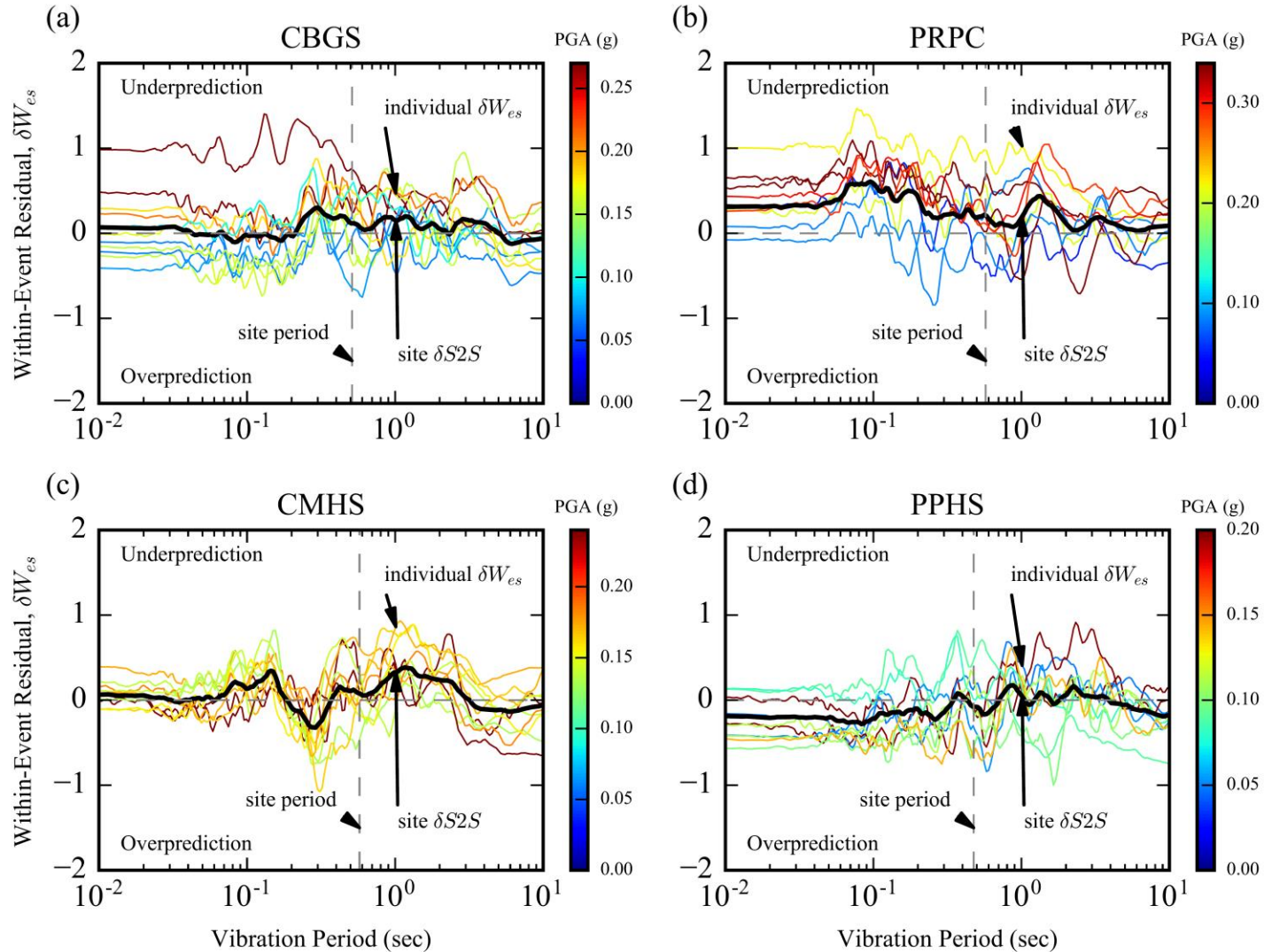
# Between-Events Residuals



# Site-to-Site Residuals

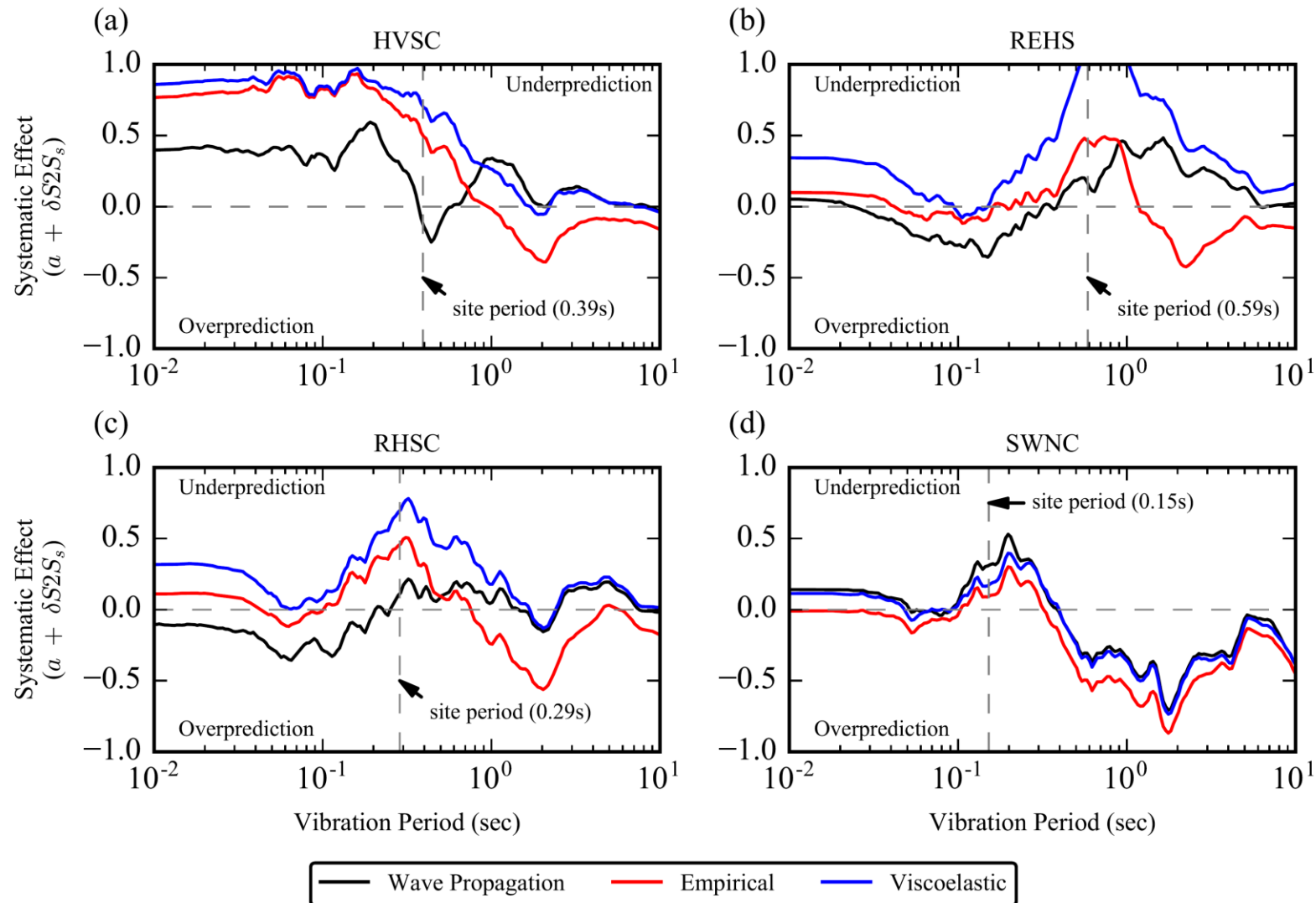


# Within-Event Residuals – 4 stations

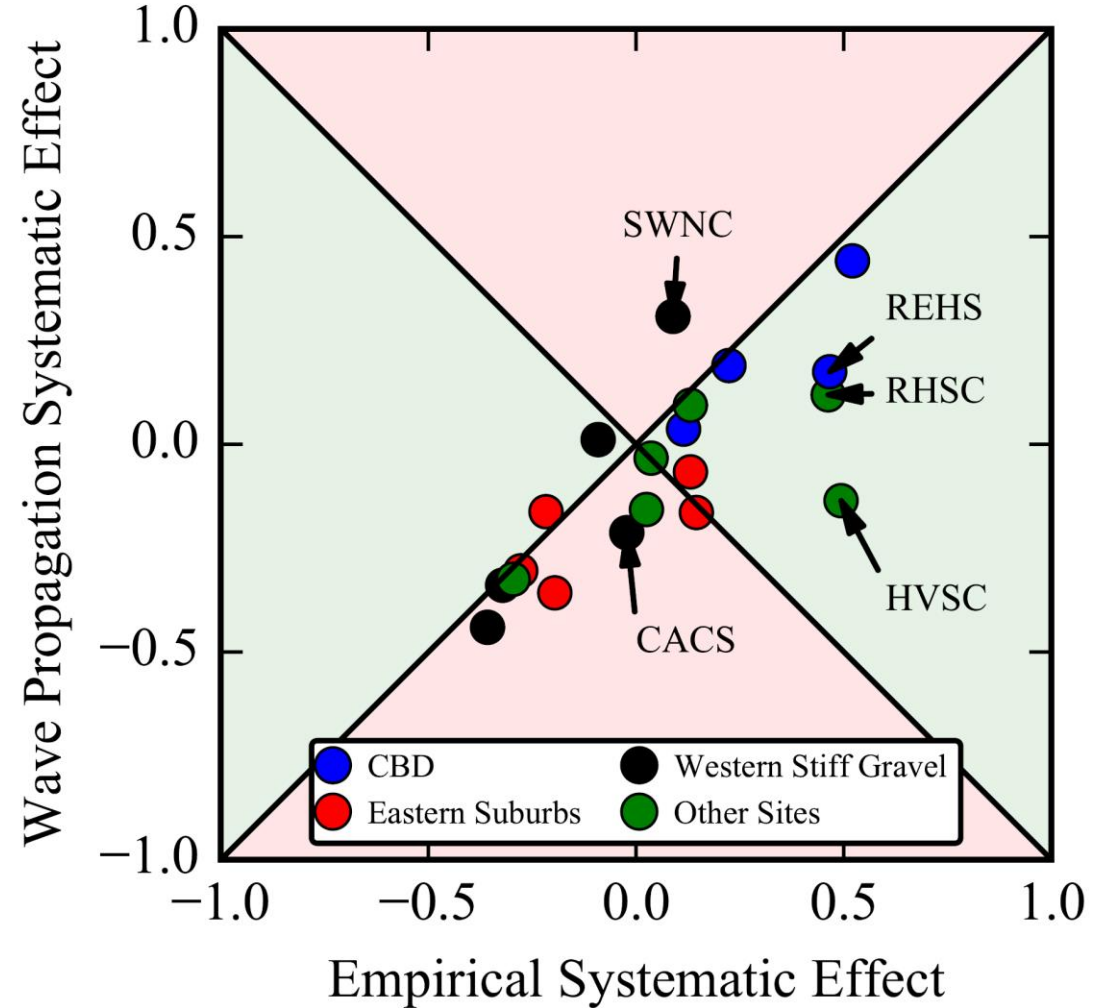
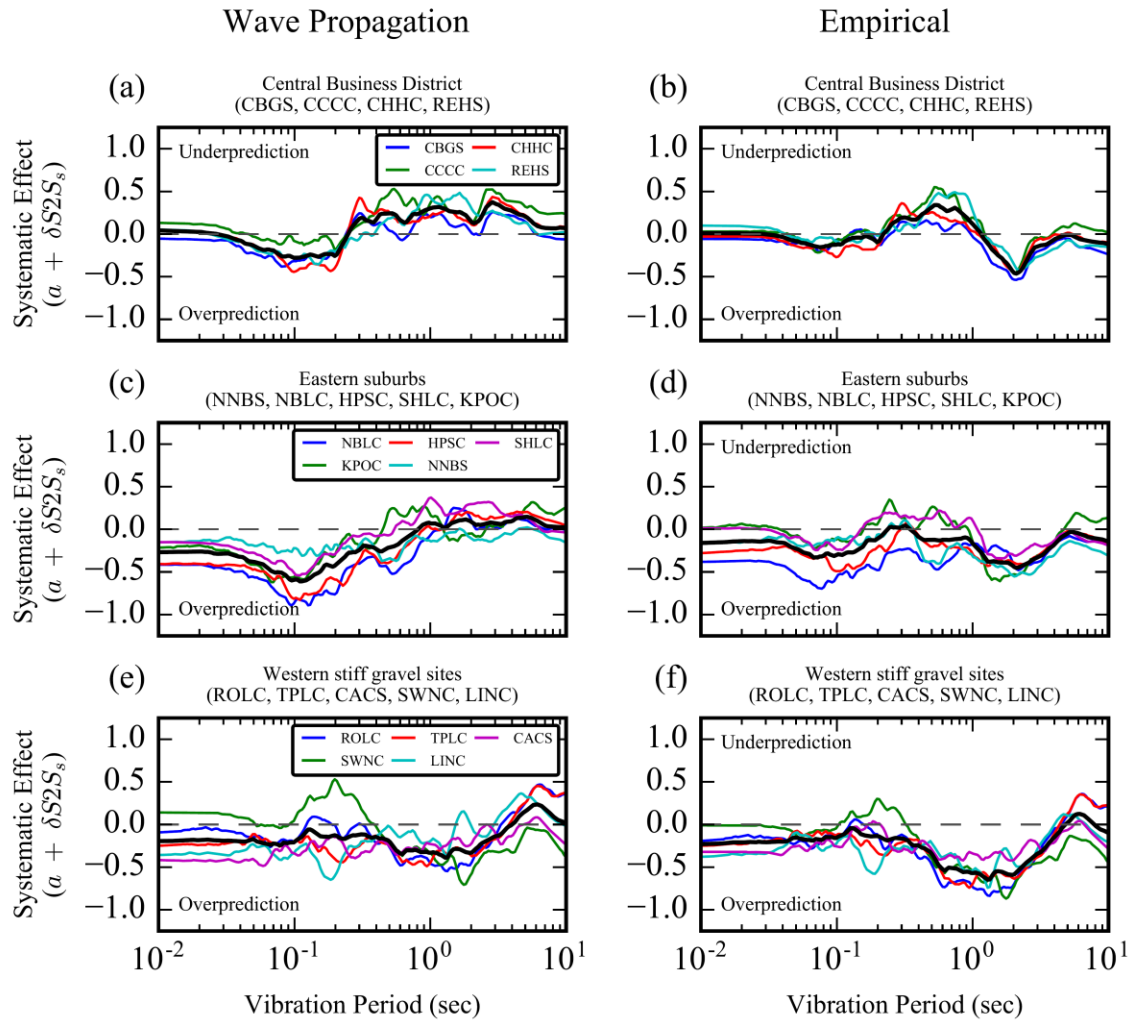




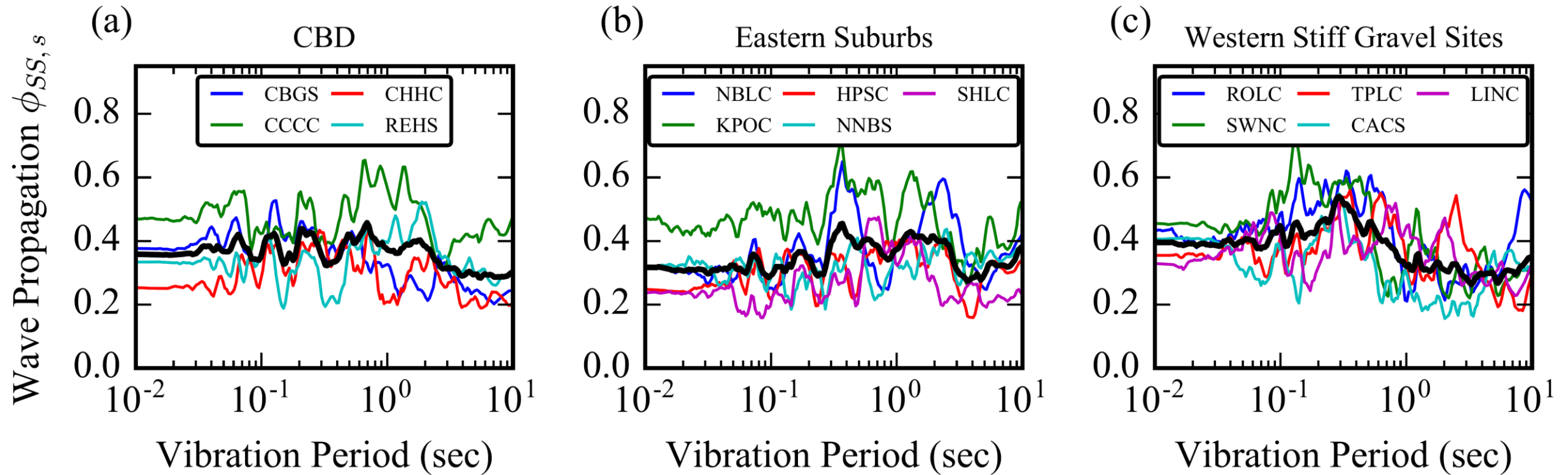
# Site Specific Systematic Effect



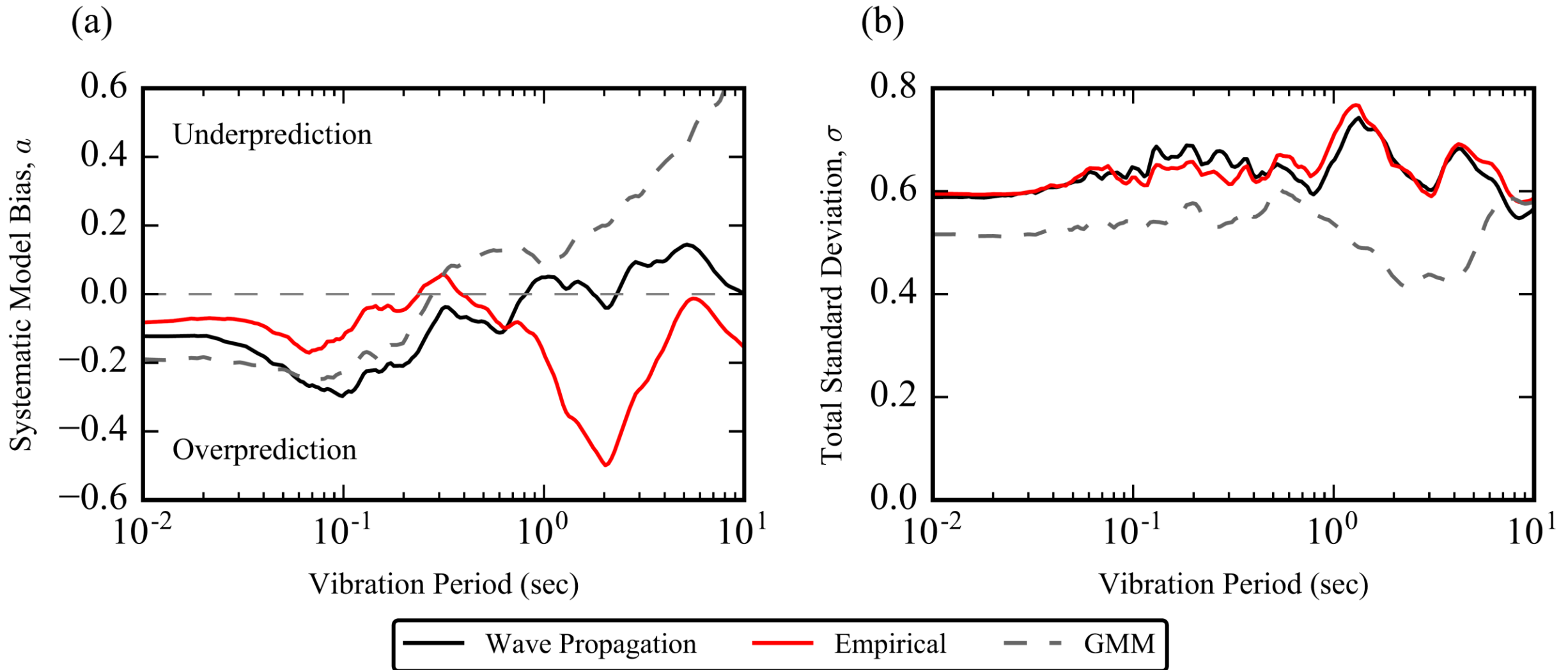
# Systematic Effect – All Sites



# Uncertainty in Input Motion



# Comparison with Empirical GMM- Bias





# Comparison with Empirical GMM- Uncertainty

